THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

No. 34, Vol. 5. NEW WESTMINSTER, TUESDAY, MAY 9, 1865. Price 6d. or 12 cts.

New Advertisements.

HENRY V. EDMONDS,

Real Estate and Commission Agent,

AUCTIONEER, COLLECTOR, &c.

Hick's Building, Columbia Street.

H. V. E. BEGS TO INTIMATE THAT HE IS PREpared to undertake business in the above line on the most favorable terms. fe4tc

Agricultural Association.

PARTIES WANTING SEEDS will please hand in their lists to the Honorary Secretary, Hick's Building, Columbia Street, New Westminster, and call for the seeds on the following day, between the hours of 12 and 2 o'clock.

W. E. CORMACK, Hon. Sec.

New Westminster, April 10, 1865. ap11tc

PIONEER BAKERY.

THE UNDERSIGNED respectfully informs the Public that the Bakery on his premises has been resumed by him, and will be conducted in future under his personal superintendence; and he trusts, by strict attention to business, to deserve the favors which a generous public community formerly bestowed on him.

Pies & Cakes made to order for Private Parties.

☞ BREAD, HOT ROLLS, &c., always on hand.

PHILIP HICK.

New Westminster, January 12, 1865. ja14tc

CARIBOO EXPRESS.

DURING THE WINTER MONTHS OUR EXPRESS for Cariboo will be dispatched from New Westminster on the arrival of the California Express of the 19th and 29th, from San Francisco.

☞ Our Patrons will please observe that we do not dispatch a Cariboo Express on the arrival of the California Express of the 9th.

DIETZ & NELSON,
Connecting with
BARNARD'S EXPRESS.

December 9th, 1864. de10

DR. BLACK,

(M. R. C. S., L. S. A.)

Can be Consulted Daily at his Present Residence,

Columbia Street,

n026 New Westminster, B. C. tc

Coal! Coal!! Coal!!!

Just Arrived, per Str. "Fideliter,"

from NANAIMO, a large supply of SUPERIOR

SCREENED DOMESTIC COAL!

which will be sold cheap for cash.

Apply to H. HOLBROOK,
mh23 Agent for the Coal Company, Pioneer Wharf.

DICKSON, CAMPBELL & CO.,

Commission Merchants,

WHARF STREET,

VICTORIA, VANCOUVER ISLAND.

H. N. DICKSON & CO., - - - - LONDON.
DICKSON, DEWOLF & CO., - SAN FRANCISCO
jy15-tc

THE LONDON JOURNAL,

THE BEST, CHEAPEST, LARGEST AND MOST Beautifully Illustrated Publication ever issued, having a Greater Circulation than any other journal in the world. Its contents embrace the best works of

SIR WALTER SCOTT, Bart.,	WATTS PHILLIPS,
J. F. SMITH,	JAMES GRANT, &c., &c.,
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PERCY B. ST. JOHN,	MRS. SOUTHWORTH,
HENRY J. BYRON,	MRS. GORDON SMYTHIES,
	&c., &c.,

and many other Eminent Authors; splendidly Illustrated by the most celebrated Artists, including JOHN GILBERT, KEELEY HALSWELLE, PRIOR, &c.

Also innumerable exciting and agreeable Short Tales, Charming Poems; valuable Educational and Social Essays; interesting Descriptions of the most Remarkable Places in the World, Illustrated by Artists of high standing; thousands of useful Receipts of every kind; numerous Records of Scientific Inventions and Discoveries; Statistics, embracing all the principal Official Returns published, of Public Accounts, Population, Emigration, Health, Military, Naval, and Commercial affairs, and much valuable General Statistical Information; short Miscellaneous Pieces, Editorials of Literary and Historical Interest illustrative of passing events; Extracts from the Books of the Day; Gems of Thought, culled from the works of the Best Writers, in all languages; Witty and Laughable Jokes and Anecdotes, together with a most voluminous personal Correspondence upon every imaginable topic, conveying at once information the most varied and the most extensive.

The LONDON JOURNAL stands unrivalled for the instructive, amusing and moral excellency of its contents, the beauty of its illustrations, the clearness of its type, the superiority of its paper, and for its cheapness. Issued in Weekly Nos., 1d.; Monthly Parts, 6d.; Half-yearly Vols., 4s. 6d. Vols. I. to XL. are now issued.

The LONDON JOURNAL may be had of every respectable Bookseller in the Colonies, &c., or by ordering in any part of the world.

LONDON JOURNAL Office—332, Strand, London.
ja28 6m w

New Advertisements.

DIRECT

IMPORTATIONS

GREAT SALE.

THE WHOLE OF THE

LARGE & VALUABLE STOCK

OF GENERAL

DRY GOODS!

imported by the late GEORGE HOOPER, will be offered for sale in the

Stone Building

formerly occupied by Mr. Webster, by order of the Executors, consisting in part of the following Goods:—

LADIES' plain and fancy Linen sets, in endless variety; ⅝ White Cambric Hdkfs.; Plain Norwich Lustres; the new fancy Saxony Cloakings; Real Aberdeen Winceys; Knickerbocker do; Real Welsh and Saxony Flannels; Printed do; 7-4, 8-4, 9-4 & 8-10 White Damask Table Cloths.

GENTLEMEN'S Superfine Black Suits; Superior mixed diagonal Doe Suits; Fancy Tweed Suits, in endless variety; the new Kensington Walking Coats; Superfine Melton Overcoats; Chesterfield Pilot do., do; Reversible Riding Jackets; Pilot Cloth do; Tweed Pants; Real Bedford Cord do; Moleskin do; Silk and Tweed International Vests; India Rubber Waterproof Coats; Baltic Shirts, wove and town printed; Navy Blue Shirts, double backs; White Lamb's wool, Shetland and Miners' Undershirts; Do., do., Brown Cotton Drawers; Socks, in great variety; Black Silk Hats, latest styles; Do., and Drab Felt do; Black and Colored Silk Hdkfs.; ⅞ Cambric do; Black Silk Ties; Cashmere Mufflers; Linen and Paper Collars, plain and printed; Looking-glasses; Morocco Purses; India Rubber and Buckskin Braces.

The above goods, having been imported DIRECT to New Westminster, and carefully selected from First Class London Houses, will be found superior to and cheaper than any goods hitherto imported into this Colony. The goods will be marked off and ready for inspection on SATURDAY, APRIL 1st. ap1 2m

JUST RECEIVED

—AND—

FOR SALE!

BRUSSELS and KIDERminster Carpets; Hearth Rugs; Blankets, four point; Flannels; Boots; Shoes; Socks; Underclothing; Hats; Caps; Clothing, in the latest styles; Dress Shirts; Baltic Shirts; Collars, paper and linen; Silk Ties; Boys' Suits; Umbrellas; Superfine Cloth, black and blue, from the best manufactories. All of which will be sold at the LOWEST RATES FOR CASH.

WILLIAM GRIEVE.

New Westminster, Nov. 25, 1864. no26tc

New Advertisements.

FAMILY

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

THE SUBSCRIBER would invite the attention of his numerous customers, and the public generally, to his varied and choice stock of Family Groceries, Provisions and Oilman's Stores, &c., &c., &c.

To THOSE whose liberal patronage he has enjoyed during the past two years it is unnecessary to say more than merely assure them of his determination to keep pace with the times, both as regards prices and assortment.

To THE general public he would say: If you desire to combine entire satisfaction with economy, do not go past the subscriber's new Store, two doors west of the old stand.

IN STOCK—A superior article of Smoked Salmon from Annandale's fishery, Mud Bay.

JOHN MURRAY.

New Westminster, Dec. 2, 1864. de3tc

PICHT & HOYT,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Spirits, Wines, Ales and Segars.

BRANDIES—French, H. & F. Martell, Pelevoisin and American in bulk and cases;
RUM—Jamaica and other brands;
WHISKEY—Scotch, Irish, Bourbon and Monongahela in bulk and cases;
GIN—Holland in bulk and cases;
OLD TOM—Different brands;
WINES—Port, Sherry, California wines, various brands;
CHAMPAGNE, PORTER & ALES—Different brands;
SYRUPS & BITTERS—All kinds;
HAVANNA SEGARS—Different brands.

PICHT & HOYT,

New Westminster, B. C.,

BREWERS & MALTSTERS,

AND DEALERS IN

Brewer Stock;

DISTILLERS,

AND DEALERS IN

DOUBLE REFINED SPIRITS,

40° over proof, superior to any;

—ALSO,—

REFINED ALCOHOL

in Tins, 95 per cent. ap2tc

NOTICE.

I HAVE THIS DAY given full Power of Attorney to GEORGE FRYE and VALENTINE HALL to transact all business on my behalf, and to manage my affairs.

W. G. PEACOCK.

New Westminster, Jan. 30, 1865.

IN REFERENCE to the above notice, all persons having any claim against the above named W. G. PEACOCK will present the same, and all persons indebted to him are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

GEORGE FRYE.
VALENTINE HALL.

fe1tc

New Advertisements.

THE

BRITISH COLUMBIA MILL CO.,

[LIMITED.]

INCORPORATED 30TH DECEMBER, 1863.

Capital, £8000 Stg., in 400 Shares of £20 each

Board of Directors:

GEORGE W. COLE, Managing Director,
STILLMAN F. WASHBURN,
JOHN STEDMAN,
ISAAC STEDMAN.

Lumber of all kinds constantly on hand, and cut to order.

Superior facilities for furnishing Cargoes for Exportation.

Orders for Lumber, either Rough or Dressed, solicited, and will receive the strictest attention.

OFFICE—Columbia Street, New Westminster, B. C.

no19tc THOS. McMICKING, Secretary.

THE

Royal Insurance Company.

—FOR—

Fire & Life Insurance.

CAPITAL - - - - - Ten Million Dollars!

HEAD OFFICES,—Liverpool and London.

CHAIRMAN,
Charles Turner, Esq., M. P.

DEPUTY CHAIRMEN,
Ralph Brocklebank, Esq., & E. Johnston, Esq.

MANAGER AND ACTUARY,
PERCY M. DOVE, ESQ.

THE DIRECTORS HAVE APPOINTED the UNDERsigned their Agents for

Vancouver Island & British Columbia,

and will now accept proposals for Insurance both in the

Fire and Life Departments.

They feel confident that the known Standing and Character of this Office, the sound principles on which it is established and the magnitude of its resources, will obtain for it a fair share of public patronage.

James Dickson, Esq., M. D., has been appointed Medical Examiner to the Life Branch.

ANDERSON & CO.,
Wharf Street.

Victoria, 20th January, 1863. ja24

COLONIAL HOTEL,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

——oooo——

Messrs. Grelley Brothers

Have added to their comfortable

Hotel and Restaurant,

A SPLENDID

Billiard Saloon,

In which will always be found the best

DRINKS AND CIGARS.

——ooo——

In connection with the above they have opened a Store stocked with the choicest Brands of

WINES, LIQUORS,
ALES, PORTER,
BRANDIES, RUM,
CIDER, SYRUPS,
CORDIALS, BITTERS, &c.,

which they will sell by the bottle, gallon, or in case.

—ALSO—

THE BEST BRANDS OF

CIGARS.

Havanna, Manilla and Cheroots.

New Westminster, July 18, 1862. jy19

DIARIES

FOR 1865.

de7tc At CLARKSON & CO.'S.

New Advertisements.

ROYAL EXCHANGE BUILDINGS

W. H. HUSKINSON, Proprietor.

CLOTHIER, HOSIER

—AND—

GENERAL OUTFITTER,

Receives by every vessel from England a General assortment of the above Goods,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL!

Victoria, V. I.,

Govern't St., Between Broughton & Humboldt.

de7 1y

THE INVALID'S FRIEND.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

Nervous Disorders.

What is more fearful than a breaking down of the nervous system? To be excitable or nervous in a small degree is most distressing, for where can a remedy be found? Here is one:—Drink but little wine, beer or spirits, or far better, abstain from them altogether; do not take coffee—weak tea is preferable; get all the fresh air you can; take three or four of these Pills every night; eat plenty of solids, and avoid the use of slops. If these golden rules are followed, you will be happy in mind, strong in body, and forget you have any nerves.

Mothers and Daughters.

If there is one thing more than another for which these Pills are so famous it is their purifying properties, especially their power of cleansing the blood from all impurities, and removing dangerous, and renewing suspended secretions. Universally adopted as the one grand remedy for female complaints, these Pills never fail, never weaken the system, and always bring about what is required.

Disorders of the Kidneys.

In all diseases affecting these organs, whether they secrete too much or too little water; or whether they be afflicted with stone or gravel, or with aches and pains settled in the loins over the region of the kidneys, these Pills should be taken according to the printed directions, and the Ointment should be well rubbed into the small of the back at bed time. This treatment will give almost immediate relief after all other means have failed.

The Stomach out of Order.

No medicine will so effectually improve the tone of the stomach as these Pills; they remove all acidity, occasioned either by intemperance or improper diet. They reach the liver, and reduce it to a healthy action; they are wonderfully efficacious in cases of spasm—in fact they never fail in curing all disorders of liver & stomach.

Bronchitis, Diptheria, Coughs, Colds.

No diseases are more frequent, few more dangerous, than affections of the respiratory organs. The first symptoms of disordered action may always be removed by Holloway's renowned Pills. They quickly remedy any temporary stagnation of blood, relieve any overgorged veins, moderate the hurried breathing and enable the windpipe and lungs to perform their functions with ease and regularity. These Pills, by their purifying powers, cleanse the blood from all impurities, and thus fortify the system against consumption, asthma, and other pulmonary complaints.

Debilitated Constitutions.

In cases of debility, languor and nervousness, generated by excess of any kind, whether mental or physical, the effect of these Pills is in the highest degree bracing, renovating and restorative. They drive from the system the morbid cause of disease, re-establish the digestion, regulate all the secretions, brace the nervous system, raise the patient's spirits, and bring back the frame to its pristine health and vigour.

Biliousness, Loss of Appetite, Headache and Lowness of Spirits.

These Pills effect a truly wonderful change in debilitated constitutions as they create a healthy appetite, correct indigestion, remove excess of bile, and overcome giddiness, headache, and palpitation of the heart.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases:—

Ague	Female Irregularities	Retention of Urine
Asthma	Fevers of all kinds	Scrofula, or King's Evil
Bilious Complaints	Fits	Sore Throats
Blotches on the skin	Gout	Stone and Gravel
Bowel Complaints	Head-ache	Secondary Symptoms
Colics	Indigestion	Tic Douloureux
Constipation of the Bowels	Inflammation	Tumours
Consumption	Jaundice	Ulcers
Debility	Liver Complaints	Venereal Affections
Dropsy	Lumbago	Worms of all kinds
Dysentery	Piles	Weakness, from whatever cause, &c., &c.
Erysipelas	Rheumatism	

Sold at the establishment of PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London: also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., 22s., and 33s. each Box.

*** There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box. de7

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

This journal is published every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at the office, Lytton Square, New Westminster. Single copy, price 6d., or 12½ cents. Terms per quarter, 10s., or $2.50; half-yearly, 18s., or $4.50, and yearly £1 10s., or $7.50. Subscriptions must be paid in advance.

☞ Copies of this paper can be had at the Book Store of Messrs. Clarkson & Co., Columbia-street.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Transient Advertisements, 2 inches and under, $2 first insertion, and one dollar each subsequent insertion. Over two inches, $1 per inch for first insertion, and half a dollar for each subsequent insertion. Special contracts with regular advertisers.

Advertisements in order to ensure insertion, should be sent in before noon of the day before publication.

All Advertisements for insertion in the BRITISH COLUMBIAN must be paid in advance. Those for longer periods than one month are required to be paid each month in advance.

All Advertisements, unless the time for which they are to be inserted is specified, will be continued until ordered out, and so charged.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS THIS DAY.

Supreme Court of B. C.—Matt. B. Begbie.

The British Columbian.

NEW WESTMINSTER, TUESDAY, MAY. 9, 1865.

THE EDUCATIONAL GRANT.

Some weeks since His Excellency the Governor informed the public, through the President of the Municipal Council, that he would not submit to the Legislature any school bill at present, but would select a board to assist him in distributing the money voted for educational purposes. Who may compose that board, or upon what principle His Excellency will make the selection, we think matters comparatively little, since the public place every confidence in the Governor's own judgment in the matter of a liberal and fair distribution of the money wherever it may be really required. A more important, indeed we may say vital aspect of the question presents itself for our consideration at this stage than the mere constitution of a board, or even the amount of money to be expended. The all-important inquiry in laying the foundation of a system of state support to schools in this colony is: What principle is to be adopted in distributing the education grant? Is it to be given solely to non-sectarian schools, or to sectarian? or principally to the former and partly to the latter? If His Excellency be guided in this, as in other matters, by public opinion, there can be no room for difficulty or doubt. On two great questions, somewhat closely allied, public opinion, in various ways and on numerous occasions, has given forth no uncertain or divided sound—we mean the principles of state churches and sectarian schools. These have been condemned as unsuited to the circumstances of this colony with unexampled unanimity, and the most unequivocal explicitness. No state church, but a fair field for all. No indirect support of sects by Government grants to their schools, but equal rights and equal privileges for every child of every religious denomination. As we are in a colony in connection with and under the Government of a Christian nation, the reasonable proviso is required that the system should be established on a religious or Christian, though non-sectarian, basis. There cannot surely be any insurmountable difficulty on that point. We are very much inclined to think, however, that the great ado made by some in the matter of religious instruction at daily or common schools savors far too much of clap-trap, and that the duties of parents and churches are altogether ignored. We send our children to school to learn certain definite subjects, but it by no means follows that what we mean by the term education includes all that we look for from the hands of a school teacher during five or six hours out of the twenty-four of week days. If parents and churches abrogate their functions and prove recreant to the solemn trust committed to them to educate in their own spheres those consigned to their care, that is no reason why the state and the schoolmaster should assume the responsibility, and go out out of their way to supply the deficiency. We have no misgivings as to our fairly representing public opinion when we say that very great dissatisfaction would result from giving any portion of public money to the support of sectarian schools—or schools under the control, and conducted in the interests of any religious denomination. Our own course as an exponent of public opinion on this question has been clear and consistent; and instead of having heard or seen anything to lead us to modify our opinion, educational movements here as well as in the mother country and other colonies during the past few years, have invariably tended in the one direction of causing us to adhere more closely and advocate more strenuously than ever the suitableness and importance of a strict non-sectarian system from the very commencement. We occupy a very advantageous position in dealing with this question. We have no vested rights to contend with, nor immunities of privileged classes, hoary with age, to conciliate or overturn. We can see the results and the working of different systems in other countries; and while we cannot point with unmixed satisfaction to the present position of the education question in Ireland or Canada, where the non-sectarian system has been in operation, and has proved to be of incalculable advantage, yet the events which are transpiring at this moment in both these countries teach us a most salutary lesson, and declare unmistakably that if the system is not in all respects what its friends claim for it, it is solely owing to the fact that there have been departures from its fundamental principle. Our Roman Catholic friends, especially, acquiesced in and adopted the Irish and Upper Canada systems as at first established; but after years of harmonious and most profitable co-operation with persons of other different religious persuasions, some exceptional privilege was pleaded for, and, to stop agitation, was foolishly granted. Then, after an interval of quietness on the part of the Roman Catholics, and of dissatisfaction on the part of Protestants because of the one-sided privilege, comes another demand; and as agitation procured the first, and the fate of some ministry hangs on a few votes, it is again resorted to; principle is sacrificed at the shrine of political power, and a pledge is given that the whole influence of the Government will be exerted to secure the coveted boon. And thus it is not because of the system itself, but because of these departures from it on one pretence or another, that the public mind is disturbed, and public benefits paralyzed by agitations which it would almost seem some are bribed to carry on—we mean bribed by being once permitted to insert the small end of the wedge. We see enough to enable us to steer our course clear of the quicksands and rocks upon which others are in danger of shipwreck, and avoiding which we are warranted in expecting more satisfactory results than even they have reaped. We do earnestly trust His Excellency will accept public opinion by acting strictly on the non-sectarian plan, and lay down broad, liberal rules, which will give equal rights and privileges to all without respect to sect or party, and on no account grant exceptional or peculiar privileges to any. This may not please everyone; no Government could hope to accomplish such a feat; but we believe there are among all denominations a reasonable, liberal majority who will cordially concur in this, not because they may consider it the best in theory, but the best for all practical purposes. We are convinced that if fairly tried, and adhered to, it will prove the cheapest, most efficient and most workable system which, in our circumstances, we could possibly adopt. But we may be told that it is not possible for us to agree upon the details of any such system, and as we cannot agree, we must fall back upon the other alternative of state support to denominational schools. Now, we do not believe that it is impossible to agree or legislate upon a desirable non-sectarian system. At any rate we have not tried it yet. But even suppose that we cannot agree upon some such plan as all denominations accepted in Ireland or Upper Canada, or at present exists in some of the American States, we feel assured that the proper remedy for us is not the alternative referred to. If a united, national system cannot be agreed upon by the majority, in which the rights of conscience will be respected, the intelligence and morality of the pupils promoted, and public money used to the best and most general advantage of the population as a whole, there is another alternative which, to our thinking, is far preferable to denominational state schools, with their unseemly, incessant scrambling after public money, and with their questionable expedients as to who can dive deepest into the colonial treasury; besides their convulsive efforts to keep up a dozen or half a dozen different schools, as so many opposing factions, when one would amply suffice, and would confer far more substantial benefits with its staff of first-class teachers than the half-dozen, with their ill-paid, half starved and indifferently qualified teachers. Of two evils it is the part of wisdom to choose the least; and in this case, in our peculiar circumstances of fractional admixture so far as religious beliefs are concerned, the least evil would be no Government educational grants whatever, that is, if we really cannot have a non-sectarian national system for all. Lighten taxation by the amount of school grants, and let parents and guardians provide for the education of their children as they do their food and clothing, and distinctive religious instruction. If we are driven to adopt such a course, doubtless it has many, very many disadvantages; but it would be an advantage of no small magnitude to have one little bone of contention swept completely from the arena of party or sectarian politics. Governor and people could find quite enough to occupy their attention and tax their energies to the utmost, without a semi-annual or annual faction fight over the apportionment of school grants; or having conditions of elections whittled down to the small point of a candidate's willingness and power to do battle for an increased grant to some particularly noisy and persevering denomination.

New Advertisements.

IN THE SUPREME

COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA!

In the matter of JOHN O. SMITH, Bankrupt.

IT IS THIS DAY DECLARED that there is now in Court a fund applicable to the purpose of a Dividend, notice is therefore given to all creditors who have not entered their claims against the Estate of the said Bankrupt, to send them in to the Trade Assignee, Mr. JAMES VANBREMER, of New Westminster, by the 5th JUNE next, or else be absolutely excluded.

MATT. B. BEGBIE, J.

New Westminster, May 5, 1865. my9 1in

NOTICE!

FROM THIS DATE GEO. BECKINGHAM, formerly my travelling Clerk, is no more authorised to transact business on my account, and has entirely retired from my house.

L. L'HOTELIER, Wharf-street.

Victoria, V. I., April 24, 1865. ap27 1m

NO MONOPOLY --- NO COMBINATION.

S. ELSASSER,

CAMERONTON, WILLIAMS CREEK, BRITISH COLUMBIA,

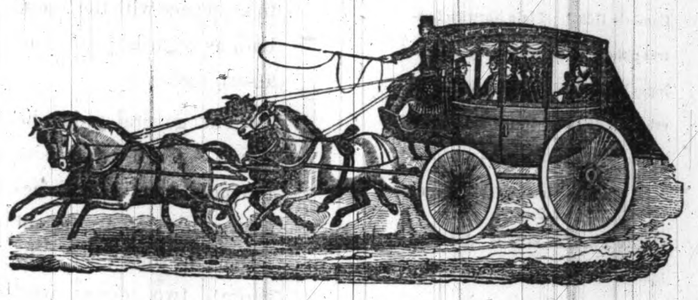
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Groceries, Provisions, Liquors, Mining Utensils, Hardware, Crockery, Stationery, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Dry Goods, &c., &c. Goods bought at my store will be delivered free of carriage to all portions of Williams Creek.

S. ELSASSER.

New Westminster, April 17, 1865. ap18tc

EXPRESS LINE STAGES!



THE FIRST COACH OF THIS LINE WILL LEAVE

YALE for SODA CREEK

on FRIDAY, the 12th inst., at 8 A.M., after which date they will leave Yale every

MONDAY & FRIDAY

at 8 A. M., passing over the Suspension Bridge and through the Cañons by daylight, reaching CLINTON the following morning, where six hours will be allowed for rest, and arriving at SODA CREEK on Wednesdays and Mondays in time to connect with the sternwheel

Str. "ENTERPRISE," for QUESNELMOUTH,

On the opening of the road above Quesnel, Coaches will run to Cottonwood, and there connect with a Saddle Train for

RICHFIELD.

Passengers for the GREAT BEND DIGGINGS, on the Columbia River, can take these Stages to Cache Creek, foot of Lake Kamloops—110 miles from Yale. Awaiting the completion of the Hudson Bay Company's steamer, small boats will ply over lakes Kamloops and Shuswap, to within sixty miles of

The Great Bend Diggings.

REDUCTION IN PRICE OF EXPRESS FREIGHT.

On and after the 15th day of May, the rates for EXPRESS PARCELS from YALE to RICHFIELD will be:

Parcels from 5 to 25 lbs.	$1·00	per lb.
Do do 25 to 100 lbs.	·90	"
Do over 100 lbs.	·75	"

F. J. BARNARD.

Yale, B. C., April 22nd, 1865. ap25 1m

STORAGE & FORWARDING,

YALE, B. C.

PARTIES SHIPPING BY THE

YALE - LYTTON ROUTE

ARE ADVISED THAT

KIMBALL & GLADWIN

HAVE ERECTED EXTENSIVE

STOREHOUSE AND DOCK

AT YALE, B. C., AND ARE PREPARED TO

Receive, Store and Forward Goods.

The capacity of the building is about 400 Tons, and it is perfectly Isolated, offering security from Fire seldom met with in Interior Towns.

GOODS REPACKED & FREIGHTS ENGAGED AT LOWEST RATES

Parties shipping goods through us will mark to the care of

KIMBALL & GLADWIN, Yale.

Yale, B. C., April 1, 1865. ap20 2m

TO LEASE—Lots suitable for business purposes.

J. A. R HOMER

FOR SALE.

A GOOD, NEW, TWO-STOREY HOUSE, situated on the Royal Avenue, and commanding one of the finest views in this City. The house comprises five Rooms, and a basement Kitchen, Wood-house, &c., and is hard finished throughout. The above premises are at present drawing a monthly rental of thirty dollars, and would be a good investment for capital.

TERMS will be liberal, and may be ascertained by application to the proprietor,

H. H. NAGLE,

At Dietz & Nelson's office.

New Westminster, April 7, 1865. ap8tc

SEASONED LUMBER.

400,000 FEET

SEASON'D LUMBER

Rough & Dressed, For Sale By

J. A. R. HOMER.

New Westminster, November 3, 1864. no5tc

New Advertisements.

DOUGLAS--LILLOOET ROUTE.

E. T. DODGE & CO.,

GENERAL FORWARDING MERCHANTS,

PORT DOUGLAS AND LILLOOET,

BRITISH COLUMBIA,

are prepared to ship

100,000 POUNDS PER MONTH!

—FROM—

New Westminster to Soda Creek

—AT—

18 CENTS PER POUND!

Including Tonnage Dues, Road Tolls, and all other charges.

Goods consigned to them at New Westminster will receive prompt attention, and will be forwarded with the utmost dispatch.

E. T. DODGE & CO.

New Westminster, May 3, 1865. my9tc

FIVE TONS

TIMOTHY HAY.

For Sale by

my6 1m W. H. WOODCOCK.

NOTICE

AFTER THIS DATE, E. T. DODGE & CO. ARE not responsible for damage on Oils or Liquids shipped in Tin or Glass, unless by special contract made in writing in respect of such goods at the time of shipment.

E. T. DODGE & CO.

Port Douglas, May 4, 1865. my4tc

SALMON FISHERY!

FOR SALE,

AN ESTABLISHMENT on the South Bank of the Fraser River, opposite New Westminster, including the Plant and Materials for carrying on the Salmon Fishery upon an extensive scale.

THE BUILDINGS

consist of Cooperage and Curing House, 100 x 20 ft.; a Room for Barrels; Buildings for the accommodation of 16 Men; Private Residence of 4 Rooms; a convenient Wharf, &c.

MATERIALS:

Nets of different descriptions, all of the best materials and nearly new; an assortment of Cordage and Twine; four large Vats; 1000 Barrels; 500 Kits; a large quantity of Staves; 16 tons of Salt; &c., &c.

A more desirable opportunity for parties with some capital—who understand the business—is rarely to be met with.

For particulars apply to

W. E. CORMACK,

my4tc New Westminster.

NOTICE TO MERCHANTS!

TIME IS MONEY,

and if you would save both

SHIP YOUR GOODS

BY THE

YALE-LYTTON ROUTE.

A. BARLOW,

Commission and Forwarding

AGENT,

FORT YALE, BRITISH COLUMBIA,

BEGS TO INFORM SHIPPERS, and the PUBLIC in general, that he is now prepared to Forward Goods to the MINES on the most reasonable terms, and without delay. All goods consigned to the above will be promptly attended to and stored in a FIRE-PROOF Warehouse. ap6tc

BURRARD INLET

LUMBER MILLS.

S. P. MOODY & CO., - - - Proprietors,

New Westminster.

AGENTS IN VICTORIA:

PICKETT & CO., - - - Wharf-street.

THESE MILLS are prepared to furnish cargoes of FIR, SPRUCE and CEDAR LUMBER, Tongued and Grooved Flooring, Spars, Piles, Shingles, Laths and Pickets at the shortest notice.

The access to the Mills is up the Gulf of Georgia to English Bay: thence up the Inlet. The anchorage in the bay is safe in all weather. The Inlet is perfectly land-locked, with plenty of water at all times for the largest class vessels.

Vessels loading at these Mills will have every facility for loading. The quality of Lumber is superior to any on the Pacific Coast, and can be furnished to any length up to 80 feet. There is a deputy Collector at the Mills to enter and clear vessels.

For further particulars inquire of the Agents.

OFFICE of the Company—New Westminster, B. C

ap1tc

WILLIAM CLARKSON,

Auctioneer, Real Estate & General Agent.

ja18 OFFICE—COLUMBIA STREET. tc

Important to Business Men in Victoria, California, Portland, and Places on the Sound!

THE JOURNAL is the only newspaper published in British Columbia; is read by every business man from New Westminster to the Rocky Mountains; and is unrivalled as an advertising medium for this Colony. J. DORAN, in Victoria, and L. P. FISHER, in San Francisco, are our authorized Agents.

The British Columbian.

NEW WESTMINSTER, TUESDAY, MAY. 9, 1865.

Piracy on the High Seas.

The *Nanaimo Packet* arrived in this port on Sunday, having been plundered by Tarckoo and Cake Indians near Bella Bella, on the 6th April last. The following condensed account of the affair is from Capt. Phillips, of the *Nanaimo Packet*:—Left New Westminster on the 16th March with a trading cargo. Arrived at Bella Coola, which place we left on 2nd April. While making for Bella Bella about 5 o'clock P.M., on the 6th, saw 3 northern canoes coming towards us from the other side, one being in advance of the other two. When the foremost canoe came up I inquired where they belonged. They replied that they belonged to Stekia, that they left Victoria 6 weeks ago and were out of provisions but had plenty of skins and wished to trade. Meanwhile the other two canoes had come alongside also, when all hands, about 40, and all strangers to us, came on board. They threw their skins on deck and wanted biscuit and molasses for them, which I gave, making a present of a pipe and tobacco and a buiscuit to each after the trade was concluded. When this was done one of them drew from his pocket a paper and threw it at me, demanding payment for it in flour. The contents of the paper were as follows: "Victoria, Sept. 7th, 1864.—Engaged this Indian for the sum of ($10.) ten dollars for a month from date (26 working days) for cutting wood &c.—H. O. Teideman." Another Indian, the Chief, said that a Victoria policeman "capswallowed" $55 from him, and he was going to have it out of me, that if I did not pay their demand they would take it. They immediately secured my person, lashing me to the main rigging, at the same time others of the party lashed one of the crew to the helm, and binding the other hand and foot left him helpless on the deck. They then proceeded to break open the hatch, and went into the cabin removing the goods, skins, bedding, arms &c., into their canoes. They even stripped us of our hats and boots, and cut the main halyards. I succeeded in freeing one of my hands with which I managed, by means of a pen knife which I took from my pocket, to cut the ropes and free myself. I then rushed aft and liberated the two men, and went below to look for my arms which were gone. Seeing us at liberty the Indians made off quickly. Their canoes were loaded very heavily, so much so that I thought them in danger of swamping. We succeeded in pushing the vessel off the rocks on to which she had drifted while the scene above described was being enacted on board. She was considerably damaged, and we made for Bella Bella, where we got some blankets, &c., from friendly Indians there. We then proceeded on to Bella Coolla, where we repaired the vessel. And here I desire to testify to the great kindness with which Mr. Ogilvie treated us. He supplied us with provisions and clothing, Mrs. Ogilvie with her own hands making up underclothing for me. Leaving for New Westminster we fell in with H. M. Gunboat *Forward* in Eu-clu-taw Rapids. I narrated the affair to Capt. Lascelles, who advised me to proceed here and lay the case before the Government. We also fell in with the *Jenny Jones* at Fort Rupert. She had on board the cargo and crew of the *Deer Foot*, which sprang a leak and went down off Nanaimo, whilein tow of the *Jenny Jones*. The Indians by whom my vessel was plundered belong to the Tarckoos and Cakes, who live in the Russian Possessions, about 200 miles above Stekin. The value of goods taken away by them was about $3,250, to say nothing of arms and articles belonging to the vessel. There was also $250 50c. in money concealed in the mattrass which they carried off.

A full statement of the affair, of which the above is a brief outline, was made under oath before the Police Magistrate yesterday, and submitted to the Government. It is presumable that a demand will be made upon the Russian Government for compensation.

DIED.—In this city, on the 5th inst., the "*North Pacific Times and British Columbian Advertiser*," aged six months and three days. Deceased, never constitutionally robust, was seized with a severe fit of disease of the pocket about two weeks ago, from which he never quite recovered, although constantly attended both by his spiritual, legal and medical advisers. Lingering out a painful existence, he shuffled off this mortal coil on Friday last. He died intestate, and it is rumored that he leaves a large circle of creditors to mourn his untimely end.

ACCIDENT AT BURRARD INLET.—A man named Smith, employed at Moody & Co.'s mills, got his hand cut with the trimming saw on Saturday evening. He was conveyed to the Royal Columbian Hospital, where he was attended by Dr. Black who found it necessary to amputate three of his fiingers. The patient is doing well.

TARGET PRACTICE.—The Rifles have target practice every Saturday afternoon. Last Saturday the Colonial Secretary and the Private Secretary took part in it, and we understand the former gentleman made the highest score. We stated a few days ago that private Powers made the best shooting on Saturday week; but we learn that although he made the highest score of any of the privates, yet Lieut. Wolfenden made the best shooting. We understand His Excellency the Governor will try his hand next Saturday.

FROM YALE.—The steamer *Reliance*, Capt. Irving, went up to Yale on Saturday, carrying 50 men to work on the road, and 40 passengers and 90 tons of goods to Yale. She returned last night, bringing Dietz & Nelson's Express, and a small amount of treasure. There is no news of importance. The steamer *Hope* also went up to Yale and discharged her cargo, returning yesterday to Harrisonmouth, where she waited to connect with the *Henrietta* from Douglas.

THE FIRST OF THE SEASON.—We acknowledge with peculiar pleasure a basket of the most delicious fresh butter from "Richmond Farm," being the first fruits—a fitting offering to the "Fourth Estate." We understand Mr. McRoberts, having given up the milk business, will devote his attention to the manufacture of butter this year; and if what we received is a fair specimen it will be fortunate for those who secure a supply.

THE STR. "HOPE" came in last night from Harrisonmouth, having connected with the *Henrietta* to Douglas. She brought Dietz & Nelson's Express, but no news from the interior. Forwarding on the Douglas-Lillooet route is going on very briskly.

THE STR. "LILLOOET" has gone on to Yale, and will probably be able to run through to Douglas on her return, as the water is rising very fast.

BY MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH!

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE "BRITISH COLUMBIAN."

REWARDS FOR LEADING REBELS.

Payne's Confession.

CONDITION OF SECRETARY SEWARD.

EXPLOSION OF THE "SULTANA."

FULL PARTICULARS.

GREENBACKS 71¼.

JEFFERSON DAVIS' MOVEMENTS.

GRANT'S RETURN.

MORE RESPECTING SHERMAN AND JOHNSTON.

GREAT REDUCTION IN THE ARMY.

Harrold's Confession.

BENJAMIN F. HARRIS ARRESTED.

PARTICULARS OF CONSPIRACY.

BOOTH'S HEAD AND HEART PLACED IN THE MUSEUM.

Rebel Notes Quoted 3 to 5 Dollars per $1.000.

Several Prominent Southerners Arrested.

ABOLITION RESOLUTIONS PASSED CONN. LEGISLATURE.

ATLANTIC DATES TO 4th INST.

Portland Dates to 6th.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—The President has issued a proclamation in substance as follows: Whereas it appears from evidence before the Bureau of Military Justice that the atrocious murder of the late President, and the attempted assassination of Secretary Seward, were incited, concocted and procured by and between Jefferson Davis, late of Richmond, Jacob Thompson, Clement C. Clay, Beverly Tucker, George N. Sanders, W. C. Cleverey, and other rebel traitors against the United States, harbored in Canada; now, therefore, to the end that justice may be done, I Andrew Johnston, President of the United States, do offer for the arrest of the said persons, or either of them, within the lines of the United States, so that they can be brought to trial, the following rewards: $100,000 for Jefferson Davis, $25,000 each for Thompson and Tucker, $10,000 for Cleverey, late clerk of Clay.

NEW YORK, May 3.—The *Tribune's* special says:—Payne, the Seward assassin, has confessed his guilt. He said it was useless to withhold any longer, as he had been fully identified by six persons, and Government had other evidence in its possession. He was the person assigned to that terrible crime.

The Secretary of State is feeling very well. Fred's condition is more encouraging.

CAIRO, April 29.—A steamboat calamity unparalleled in the history of navigation occurred on the morning of 27th, by the bursting of the boiler of steamer *Sultana*, 8 miles above Memphis. Two thousand three hundred people were on board, only 788 of whom have been found alive. One thousand nine hundred of the passengers were paroled soldiers on their way home from rebel prison at Andersonville. The accident occurred when all were asleep, except the officer of the boat. The first mate thinks there was some infernal machine put in the coal, as the boat was running very steadily, with little steam on. He describes the scene as terrible in the extreme. He was standing in the pilot-house and was blown into the river, where there were struggling a living mass of humanity; some with limbs broken, some scalded all over; amidst which scene the wreck took fire, the light of which cast a ghastly glare all around. No succor was at hand; only the best swimmers, aided by fragments of the wreck, could hope to be saved. There were 15 women on board, but 2 of whom were saved. Some of the people floated down as far as Memphis, this being the first intelligence of the disaster which reached that city. The str. *Boston* on the way down, arrived at the scene three quarters of an hour afterwards. Among the soldiers on board were 36 commissioned officers. The troops belonged principally to Indiana and Illinois. In 20 minutes after the explosion, the whole boat was a sheet of flame. A dense mass of people, estimated at 500, took refuge on board of the boat, while the flames were driven aft by the wind. The boat soon turned stern down stream, reversing the direction of the flames, when the entire mass rushed together, many being entirely roasted while clinging to the boat. The wreck floated down 5 miles before sinking. Gen. Washburn has ordered a commission to investigate this terrible disaster.

Greenbacks 71¼.

SECOND DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, May 1st.—It is ascertained that Jeff. Davis and party have not more than three hundred thousand in specie with them. Grant is reported to have said that when he informed Sherman of disapproval of the terms he had forwarded to Washington the latter frankly admitted he had made a mistake in not having put in writing that slavery was dead; but it was in the understanding between them as to permitting the rebel legislature to assemble. That was because he had just learned the Virginia legislature was permitted to assemble by authority of the President, and, in absence of instructions he interpreted the President's desire to be that rebels' State Government should be retained for preserving order and to avoid military force in those States, as well as to do away with irritation likely to grow out of military government. As to amnesty it was only to cover officers and soldiers.

The *Herald's* Washington special says, Grant returned in excellent spirits. Much gratification is felt at the prompt execution of orders of Government in reference to agreement between Sherman and Johnston. He met Sherman 20 miles from front, who received the disapproval with commendation and good grace. There was no hesitation, no murmuring, nor any expression of dissatisfaction at disapproval of the terms.

NEW YORK, May 1st.—In view of the fact that the rebel ram *Stonewall* is afloat, and supposed to be making her way to this coast, Government has made preparation for her reception by placing iron clads in all our harbors. Grant, immediately on his return to Washington, set to making arrangements for contemplated heavy decrease of military force and consequent reduction of expenses. It is thought the army will soon be reduced to four hundred thousand men. The *Tribune's* special says Harold has made a voluminous confession.

NEW YORK, May 2.—The *Herald's* special says Jeff. Davis remained at Danville six days in suspense, failing to hear from Lee, who was trying to reach that place and make Stanton River the line of defence. The news of surrender was brought in by scouts, but was disbelieved. It was kept secret as long as possible; when it was known there was a great panic. Stoneman's command, between Danville and Greensboro, fired on the train carrying Davis and his cabinet.

NEW YORK, May 1.—We have news from Charleston to the 28th. Governor William Aiken left Charleston on the 27th, with orders to report at Washington.

The expedition sent out under Gen. Porter had been placed under orders to suspend hostilities, based on Sherman's first arrangements; but on the morning of the 28th another party was sent out to notify rebels at Orangeburg of the resumption of hostilities.

PORTLAND, May 6.—The steamer *Geo. S. Wright* arrived yesterday. She will leave on her return trip to Victoria on Tuesday afternoon. The *Orizaba* sails from San Francisco for Portland and Victoria to-day.

THIRD DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, May 1st.—The *Times* Washington special dispatch says: Preparation of conspiracy cases for trial has devolved upon Col. H. Burnett, who conducted the treason cases at Indianapolis. The prisoners are closely guarded, among the precautions adopted to secure them from committing suicide is a padding cap, the head of each thickly lined with cotton, so they cannot butt their brains out. Benjamin F. Harris, member of Congress, from Maryland, was arrested a few days since for persuading paroled prisoners from Lee's army to violate their parole and go back to join the rebels. If he fails breaking down the testimony he will certainly be convicted; the punishment is death. The *World* has an account of the plot against the rulers of the nation, which contains the following: Booth was originally the projector of the scheme and seconded by parties in Canada. He was furnished with a murderous accomplice in Payne. Mrs. Surrall was mother of the conspiracy. Booth found another bloody accomplice in Surrall. The route and escape were planned weeks previous to the act, when Booth escaped Harrold left with him. They reached Surrall's at midnight, stopped at Lloyd's Hotel and got a bottle of whiskey. Booth remained on his horse.

Harrold went up stairs and got a carbine. Lloyd offered him another, but Harrold said Booth had broken his leg, and could not carry it. As they rode off, Booth called out to Lloyd, "We have murdered the President and Secretary of State." They reached Dr. Mudd's house before sunrise, and Booth had his broken leg set. Among those under arrest as direct accomplices are Shangler, stage carpenter at Ford's theatre; Sam Arnold, of Baltimore, who claims to have backed out of the plot; Capt. Jett, who took Booth behind him on his horse at Surrall's, who was assigned to kill the Vice-President; McLaughlin, friend and confederate of Booth; Dr. Mudd, who set Booth's leg; Lloyd, who entertained the assassins and gave them a carbine; Sam Coxir, who concealed and fed Booth; Harrold, who was captured with Booth; Surrall, who shared secret of meditated crime; Payne, who attempted the life of the Secretary of State; Mrs. Adams, who it is believed had assisted Booth; Wilson, of Newport, who it is thought was cognisant of the crime, and did not assist justice.

FOURTH DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—Booth's heart and head have been deposited in the army medical museum in this city. The corpse is buried close to the penitentiary, where for years felons have been buried.

NEW YORK, May 3.—The *Richmond Whig* of the 25th states that Moseby took leave of his men at Salem, Farquhar County, telling them to disband and return home. He was bound for Texas and did not want them to accompany him, as they might put their necks in the halter; he then rode off with a small number of old companions.

Rebel treasury notes quoted at three to five dollars per thousand dollars, as sauveniers.

NEW YORK, May 4.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says: Col. Clark, of the rebel army recently captured, asserts that all specie removed from Richmond was in his charge, and that his train broke down and finding it impossible to get it on the track before our forces could come up, he ordered it to be buried. The soldiers broke open the kegs and appropriated all there was. He states further that the amount was greatly exaggerated, and confirms Gen. Grant's statement that it did not exceed two hundred thousand dollars.

NEW YORK, May 4th.—It is not known what evidence Government may have against ex-Governor Aiken, of South Carolina. Hilton Head correspondent says he claims to be the original union man opposed to nullification in Calhoun's time, and the friend of Constitution and union ever since; but reports are in circulation which contradict this. Among them he is accused of furnishing a portion of the brains which enabled the rebels to hold out four years, and having several interviews with Jeff. Davis.

G. B. Lamar, a nullification man and one of the most successful aiders of rebellion in Georgia, has been arrested.

ST. LOUIS, May 3.—It is officially contradicted that any of Jeff Thompson's troops are in south-eastern Missouri, and that rumors are without foundation.

NEW YORK, May 4.—Jacksonville, Florida, letters say that 1500 union soldiers, formerly imprisoned at Andersonville, were transported down Florida Central railroad to Adlin, 10 miles from Jacksonville, and conditionally released. Several hundreds entered our lines the same night. They presented a very pitiable appearance, many barely able to walk.

HARTFORD, May 4th.—The Constitutional amendment abolishing slavery in the United States unanimously passed both Houses of the Legislature of Connecticut to-day.

Government Works.

To the Editor of the British Columbian.

Sir,—As one who has a considerable interest in the prosperity and welfare in this our adopted country, I consider myself justified in exposing acts of the present Government, which I think are wrong and damaging to the interest of every man who has made this colony his home.

I wish particularly to refer to the public works at present under construction. The road from here to Yale, a distance of ninety-five miles, is being carried on by hired labour by the Government. The early settlers of '58 and '59 are well posted how such works were carried on in those early days. I will not enter into details on this old question, as most of your readers know the outs and ins of '58 and '59. He who in those early days held a certain position holds a similar one at this present time; and when we look at the acts of the past, what can we expect from the present? I learn that two good and tried men have made application to be enroled on the list of applicants, but were told, "I know you not," although only one or two were then engaged.

Here we have got men of first-class experience, true, good, tried and honest—men who have planted their stake in the colony, and in fact made it what it is—debarred from the public works of the colony, and men who are merely adventurers are placed in positions to carry on public works and fill many other important situations—many such situations being made so as to find place for a *friend*. Are those the class of men that Governor Seymour speaks of in his reply to the Victoria miners, petition? *No*. With respect to the debt of the colony he says: "The best security would be in a resident population, and it is but reasonable that those who have made this colony their home, at whatever risk, should have the largest share of the profits of its commercial transactions." Instead of encouraging this resident population they never could use a better weapon to drive them out than the system at present carried on. It cannot be on the ground of economy that the Government is adopting this policy, for it is a well known fact that it will cost the Government $2 to $1 that it would cost a private individual. But, to give satisfaction to all, and to retain your settlers, give all your public works out to public competition.—Yours,

A TRIED PIONEER.

New Westminster, May 4, 1865.

CUSTOMS RECEIPTS for week ending Saturday, May 6th, 1865:—Duties, (import) £2679 0 11; duties, (export) £45 6 3; harbor dues, £31 15 2; head money, £44 12; tonnage dues, £161 5 6; inland navigation license, £25 4. Total, £2987 3 10. No. of Passengers entering this port during same period, 223.

PORT OF NEW WESTMINSTER.

ENTERED.

" 7—Schr. Nanaimo Packet, Philips, Bella Coola.
" 8—Str. Reliance, Irving, Yale.
" 8—Str. Hope, Devries, Yale.

CLEARED.

May 6—Str. Reliance, Irving, Yale.
" 6—Str. Hope, Devries, Yale.
" 6—Str. Enterprise, Mouat, Victoria.
" 7—Str. Lillooet, Fleming, Harrisonmouth.

New Advertisements.

B. T. MULLEN,

TOBACCONIST,

IMPORTER

—AND—

GENERAL DEALER IN

SMOKING TOBACCOES,

CIGARS, SNUFF, GENUINE MEERSCHAUM

PIPES, PLAYING CARDS

ETC., ETC., ETC.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ Up-country trade supplied on the most liberal terms.

☞ Orders from the Interior promptly attended to.

Front-street, New Westminster, B. C. my4tc

Grouse Creek Flume Co., Limited.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that at a meeting of the Board of Directors of the above Company, held this day, a further call of Five Dollars per Share was levied, payable to the Secretary at the office of the Company in Fort Street, near Broad, on or before May 21, 1865. J. P. CRANFORD,

Victoria, V. I., April 29, 1865. Secretary.

400 BUSHELS OATS,

350 BUSHELS POTATOES,

Suitable for Seed or Use.

For Sale by

my6 1m W. H. WOODCOCK.

CLOSING OUT SALE

AT

CLUTE & MAJOR'S

EVERY DAY,

COMMENCING AT

10 O'CLOCK, A. M.

FISHING TACKLE.

A SMALL BUT

CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF

FLIES,

HOOKS,

GUT

MINNOWS,

LINES,

RODS AND

FLY BOOKS.

JUST RECEIVED.

CLARKSON & CO.,

Columbia Street, New Westminster, B.C.

my2tc

NOTICE.

AFTER THIS DATE, URIAH NELSON & CO. ARE not responsible for damage on Oils or Liquids shipped in Tin or Glass, unless by special contract made in writing in respect of such goods at the time of shipment.

URIAH NELSON & CO.

Port Douglas, May 2, 1864. ap20tc

ANDERSON & Co.,

HAVE NOW IN STOCK and will keep continuously Byass Porter and Ale, Martell and other Brandies, Scotch Whiskey, Rum, &c.

oc31 WHARF ST., VICTORIA.

New Advertisements.

MORTGAGE SALE

WHEREAS default has been made in the payment of the full sum of Six Hundred Dollars, due on the 4th day of March, ultimo, on a certain Mortgage bearing date the 4th day of May, A. D. 1864, assigned by REES REES and executed by CHARLES THOMAS MILLARD to C. BREW and ALEXANDER J. MOUAT, Esqrs., and which Mortgage is duly registered in the Land Registry Office for British Columbia;

Now, THEREFORE, notice is hereby given that, in pursuance of the Power of Sale contained in the said Mortgage, the premises described in the said Mortgage, to wit: All and Singular that certain Lot of Land numbered TWO, in Block SIX, in the City of New Westminster, together with the STONE BUILDING thereon erected, and everything appurtenant thereto, will be sold at Public Auction, on the premises, in the City of New Westminster, on MONDAY, the 1st day of MAY next, at TWO o'clock in the afternoon.

Dated at New Westminster the 24th day of April, A. D. 1865.

ap25td VALENTINE HALL, Auctioneer.

POSTPONEMENT.

The above sale is postponed till MONDAY, the 15th proximo, at 2 o'clock P. M.

VALENTINE HALL.

New Westminster, April 28, 1865. ap29

W. J. ARMSTRONG,

IMPORTER,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

OLD STAND

COLUMBIA STREET, NEW WESTMINSTER.

GRAIN

in variety and quantities to suit the purchaser.

☞ All orders from Up-country or the Interior promptly attended to.

***For Sale*, 200,000 *Shingles*.**

ap22tc

LOWE BROTHERS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND IMPORTERS OF

Provisions, Groceries, French Wines,

LIQUORS AND HAVANA CIGARS,

RIED'S BLOCK, WHARF STREET.

ap6 VICTORIA, V.I. tc

JOHN B. LOVELL,

Accountant, General, Commission

—AND—

MINING AGENT.

Richfield, Cariboo.

mh23tc

TOWN

—AND—

SUBURBAN LOTS

—AND—

RURAL LANDS

IN NEW WESTMINSTER AND DISTRICT

FOR SALE & LEASE by the UNDERSIGNED

Block I, Lot 11,
" III, Lot 2, ⅔ of
" V, Lot 3,
" VII, Lot 4, part of 8, 9 and 10.
" VIII, Lot 4,
" IX, Lot 10,
" X, 3 and 5,
" XI, Lots 9 and 15,
" XII, Lot 1, ½ of
" XVII, Lots 9 and 12,
" XIX, Lots 1, 5 & 10,
" XXII, Lots 8, 11 & 13,
" XXIII, Lots 2 & 4,
" XXIV, Lot 1,
" XXVI, Lots 8 & 9,
" XXVII, Lots 5, 7, 8 and 9.
" XXVIII, Lots 6, 17, 18 and 22,
" XXX, Lots 2, 3, & 12,
" XXXI, Lots 1, 2 & 3,
" XXXII, Lots 9 & 12,
" XXXIII, Lots 3 & 4,
" XXXV, Lot 5,
" XXXVI, Lot 1, ½ a. with House of 4 rooms; half of Lot 14.

SUBURBAN LOTS.

Section I, Lot 13,
" III, Lot 7,
" V, Lots 14, 19, 20, 21 and 23,
" VI, Lots 3, 4, 18, 19, 20, 21, 23, 24, 25, 26, 43 and 44.
" XIII, Lots 18, 19 and 20.
Section II, Lot 13,
" IV, Lot 1,

CAMP SUBURBANS.

Block III, Half of Lot 7, and others.

RURAL LANDS.

Several choice spots on the banks of the Fraser River and on the Pit River Road.

fe23tc W. E. CORMACK.

A CARD.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

UPON COMMENCING BUSINESS I opened books with the intention of making monthly accounts. Parties desiring to obtain longer credit will please call and make arrangements to that effect, as all accounts standing over one month will be charged interest at the rate of three per cent. a month.

J. G. McBEAN.

New Westminster, February 16th, 1865.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN
Is published every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning, and sent by **Express**
To Every part of the Colony,
as well as to
Victoria, Washington Territory, Oregon and California.

Advertisements inserted at reasonable rates, and
BOOK AND JOB PRINTING
of every description executed in a PROMPT and WORKMAN-LIKE manner.

New Advertisements.

A. C. WELLS,
Saddler and Harness Maker,
YALE, B. C.,

HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A FULL ASSORTMENT OF
Saddles, Harness, Whips, Collars, Fittings, Leather, &c.,
which he will sell at the Lowest Possible Prices for
CASH.

MAKING and MENDING done with promptness and efficiency.

ORDERS from all parts of British Columbia solicited.
Yale, B. C., March 27, 1865. ap1tc

HICK'S HOTEL!
Lytton Square, New Westminster, B. C.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform the Public, and especially the Travelling Community, that he has just opened the above central and well known establishment, where he hopes, by reasonable charges and strict attention to the comfort of his customers, to receive a share of public patronage.

THE BAR
is supplied with the best brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

PHILIP HICK, Proprietor.
New Westminster, Sept. 22, 1864. se24tc

Bank of British North America.
ASSAY OFFICE, VICTORIA.
GOLD DUST MELTED & ASSAYED.

CHARGES:
For all deposits under 50 ounces $2
For all " above 50 " One quarter of one per cent.

Ores of every description carefully Assayed
CHARGES:
For each Mineral Assay $10

GOLD DUST AND BARS PURCHASED
at the current rates.

J. G. SHEPHERD, Manager.
Victoria, May 7, 1864. my18tc

THE
STAFF OF LIFE.
Read and Learn,
TRY AND BE CONVINCED
THAT
The Best Bread,
The Choicest Pies,
The most Delicious Cakes
and CONFECTIONERY of all kinds are always on hand and for sale at the
CITY BAKERY,
Columbia Street.

THE SUBSCRIBER, in returning thanks to his numerous friends and the public for their liberal patronage in the past, would beg to assure them that his best efforts will be put forth to accommodate those who may favor him with their custom.

TEA, COFFEE, CHOCOLATE, CAKES, PIES, &c., &c., in the Restaurant, at all hours. Charges very moderate.
JOSEPH SOREL.
New Westminster, February 20, 1865. fe21tc

F. G. RICHARDS
Has Returned from Cariboo
AND IS STILL AT HIS OLD STAND,
BLIZZARD SALOON,
—ON—
Holbrook's Wharf,
WHERE HE WILL BE GLAD TO SEE
OLD FRIENDS.
de7tc

NOTICE.
In the ESTATE of the late GEORGE HOOPER.

ALL PERSONS indebted to the above Estate are required to pay the respective amounts owing by them immediately, to the undersigned; and all persons having claims against the said Estate are requested to forward the particulars of such claims without delay to
ARTHUR T. BUSHBY, } Executors of the
JOHN GRAHAM, } above Estate.
New Westminster, March 27, 1865. mh28tc

Artesian Gold Mining Co., Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Directors of the above Company, held this day, a call of $1 per share was levied, payable to the Secretary, at the office of the Company, on or before May 1st, 1865.
J. P. CRANFORD, Secretary.
Victoria, V. I., March 27, 1865. ap20td

New Advertisements.

WITHROW & TILLEY,
IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS
—OF—
FURNITURE, BEDDING &C.

WE are constantly receiving additions to our large stock of beautiful Furniture and Willow-ware, direct from foreign markets, which we are selling at such prices as will induce the citizens of New Westminster, and the people of British Columbia generally, to purchase here instead of going to another market.

JUST ARRIVED!—Fine Rosewood and Mohogany Parlor Suits; an assortment of fine Bed-room Suits, consisting of Oak, Chesnut, and plain painted; Sofas, Bureaus, Whatnots, Piano Stools, Hat-trees, Centre and Card Tables, Dining Extension Tables, Cradles, Cribs, and a large assortment of Oak, Mahogany and Wood Chairs; Bedsteads of every description; and, in fact, nearly everything in the **FURNITURE LINE!**

WE keep constantly on hand a choice assortment of Japanese Wares.

ALSO,—A fine assortment of Willow-ware, Gilt and Rosewood Picture Frame Moulding, different sized Looking-glass Plate, Mahogany and Walnut Boards and Veneers.

ALSO,—Feathers; Hair, Pulu and Straw Mattresses always on hand and manufactured to order. Furniture manufactured and repaired. Pictures framed, Maps mounted and varnished. Undertaking promptly attended to.

PERSONS intending to purchase would do well to call and see our stock before going elsewhere.

FURNITURE WARE-ROOMS, Columbia-street, New Westminster., B. C. mh4tc

CUNNINGHAM BROTHERS,
NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C.,
—AND—
Nanaimo, V.I.,

BEG leave to inform the public that they keep on hand a well-selected stock
OF HARDWARE,
bought in San Francisco, at the cheapest rates, consisting of Shelf Goods, Agricultural Implements, Stoves, Tinware, Crockery, Paints, Oils, Window Glass, Tubs, Brooms, Pails, etc., etc.

WE also deal in Plaster, Lime, Hair, Pitch, Tar, Oakum, Coal Oil Lamps and Chimneys in great variety, and in fact everything required in a new country, which we will sell at cheaper rates than ever. Parties in want of anything in our line would save by learning our prices before buying elsewhere.

WE make up all our Tinware on our own premises, which we offer Wholesale & Retail very low. fe25tc

New Advertisements.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

COTTONWOOD & RICHFIELD
WAGGON ROAD.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at the Lands & Works Office, New Westminster, up to noon of WEDNESDAY, the 31st day of MAY, 1865, for the construction of a Waggon Road connecting the COTTONWOOD RIVER BRIDGE with the road now made to a point about 3 miles from the town of Van Winkle.

The road to follow the present blazed line as far as Davis' Creek, and thence along the valley of Lightning Creek to the point above named. The road will be divided into three sections.

SECTION I.—Extending from Cottonwood Bridge to a point on Lightning Creek where the blazed line of road intersects Capt. Grant's Trail.

SECTION II.—Extending from the last named points to Davis' Creek.

SECTION III.—Extending from Davis' Creek to the termination of the road (now constructed from Richfield), in the vicinity of the 47-mile post on Captain Grant's Trail.

Parties tendering for more than one section of this work must send in a separate tender for each section.

With each tender must be enclosed a Bond of the person tendering, and of two responsible Sureties with him, for the payment to the Government of the sum of £1,000, conditional on the non-fulfilment by him of the terms of his tender, if accepted.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Further particulars can be had by applying at the Lands & Works Office, New Westminster, or at the Magistrate's Office, Quesnelmouth, where the Specifications and form of Bond can be seen.

Tenders to be addressed to the Chief Commissioner of Lands & Works, and superscribed "Tender for Cottonwood and Richfield Road."

ARTHUR N. BIRCH,
In the absence of the C. C. L. W. & S. G.
Lands & Works Department,
New Westminster, April 21, 1865. ap22td

Public Notice!

THE NEW SKETCH MAPS, showing the different Routes to the Gold Fields recently discovered on Kootanie, Wild Horse and Columbia Rivers, are now ready for sale, and may be had on application at Messrs. Clarkson & Co's Book-store, New Westminster.

ARTHUR N. BIRCH, Colonial Sec.,
in the absence of the C. C. L. W. and S. G.
Lands & Works Department,
New Westminster, April 7, 1865. ap8tc

FOR SALE.
100 TONS GOOD HAY.
Apply to
ja18tc R. DICKINSON.

THE BANK
—OF—
BRITISH COLUMBIA
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL, - - - $1,250,000,
IN 12,500 SHARES OF $100 EACH,
WITH POWER TO INCREASE.

BRANCHES AND AGENTS:

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.
NEW WESTMINSTER—Bank of British Columbia.
YALE—Ditto.
QUESNELLE MOUTH—Ditto.
CAMERONTON, CARIBOO—Ditto.

IN VANCOUVER ISLAND.
VICTORIA—Bank of British Columbia.
NANAIMO—Ditto.

IN THE UNITED STATES.
SAN FRANCISCO—Bank of British Columbia.
PORTLAND (Oregon)—Messrs. Ladd & Tilton.
NEW YORK—Messrs. Maitland, Phelps & Co.

IN CANADA.
MONTREAL—Messrs. Gillespie, Moffatt & Co.

IN INDIA, CHINA & AUSTRALIA.
The Oriental Bank.

IN ENGLAND.
National Provincial Bank of England.
North and South Wales Bank, Liverpool.

IN SCOTLAND.
British Linen Company Bank.

IN IRELAND.
Union Bank of Ireland.

LONDON OFFICE—80 Lombard Street.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened for any amount not less than One Hundred Dollars.

DEPOSIT RECEIPTS, bearing interest, issued for money lodged for fixed periods.

BILLS DISCOUNTED and COLLECTED; and BILLS of EXCHANGE on Great Britain, San Francisco and New York purchased.

DRAFTS issued on all the Branches and Agencies; and CREDITS granted on Great Britain, San Francisco and New York, authorizing payment for goods shipped to the Colonies.

GOVERNMENT and other SECURITIES received for safe custody; Interest and Dividends Collected; Duties paid on goods in bond.

GOLD DUST & BARS PURCHASED,
Received on Deposit, or advances made upon them.
D. M. LANG, Manager.
New Westminster, August, 1864. au20tc

New Advertisements.

J. G. McBEAN,
IMPORTER AND
WHOLESALE & RETAIL
DEALER IN
Family Groceries,
PROVISIONS,
FEED STUFFS,
OILMAN'S STORES,
NAILS, AXES,
COAL OIL,
LAMPS & FITTINGS,

AND, in short, every article usually found in a General Grocery establishment.

J. G. McBEAN.
New Westminster, April 1, 1865. ap1tc

NEW TIN SHOP!
—ooo—
Messrs. KEAYS & Co.

BEG to inform the inhabitants of New Westminster and upcountry that they have commenced business in the above line, a few doors west of the Colonial Hotel, where they hope, by strict attention to business, combined with small profits, to merit a share of public patronage. We have on hand, Plows, Stoves, Agricultural Implements, Ox-Yokes and Bows, Nails, Tubs, Cedar Pails, &c., &c., all of which we will sell at the lowest possible rates. Traders and others supplied with Tinware of our own manufacture on the most liberal terms. Eave Troughing made to order. Repairing attended to with neatness and despatch. Also, a choice lot of Fresh Garden Seeds, warranted prime.
New Westminster, Mar. 10, 1865. mh11 3m

LYONS' CELEBRATED
CALIFORNIA ALE
W. H. SUTTON,
Agent for British Columbia.

THE undersigned, having been appointed sole agent in this Colony for the sale of the above justly celebrated Ale, would inform the public that he will have constantly on hand a stock suited to the trade, which will be sold upon the most liberal terms.

W. H. SUTTON.
Yale, B. C., March 15, 1865. mh16tc

FRENCH'S FISH MARKET,
FRONT STREET,
New Westminster.

In the above Market will always be found, in season,
FISH
Of Every kind, both Fresh, Salted and Smoked
Also, in season, all kinds of
GAME.
Shipping Orders Promptly attended to.
FREDERICK KAYE & CO.
New Westminster, July 5, 1864. jy6 tc

LOUIS HAUTIER'S HOTEL
—AND—
BILLIARD SALOON,
Lytton City, B. C.

THIS House is furnished in the best style, and a stock of excellent LIQUORS and CIGARS kept constantly on hand. The Billiard Tables are unsurpassed in the colony. The charges are moderate.
☞ Good Stabling, and Horses constantly on sale at low prices.
Lytton City, November 10, 1862. no12

New Boot and Shoe Shop
MARY-STREET, OPPOSITE THE TREASURY,
☞ Boots and Shoes made and repaired.
W. WOODMAN
New Westminster Feb. 1861. fy12-1m

New Advertisements.

ALL CURES MADE EASY!!
HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

Bad Legs, Ulcerous Sores, Bad Breasts and Old Wounds.
No description of wound, sore, or ulcer can resist the healing properties of this excellent Ointment. The worst cases readily assume a healthy appearance whenever this medicament is applied; sound flesh springs up from the bottom of the wound, inflammation of the surrounding skin is arrested, and a complete and permanent cure quickly follows the use of the Ointment.

Piles, Fistulas and Internal Inflammation.
These distressing and weakening diseases may with certainty be cured by the sufferers themselves, if they will use Holloway's Ointment, and closely attend to the printed instructions. It should be well rubbed upon the neighbouring parts, when all obnoxious matter will be removed. A poultice of bread and water may sometimes be applied at bed time with advantage; and most scrupulous cleanliness must be observed. If those who read this paragraph will bring it under the notice of such of their acquaintances whom it may concern, they will render a service that will never be forgotten, as a cure is certain.

Rheumatism, Gout & Neuralgia.
Nothing has the power of reducing inflammation and subduing pain in these complaints in the same degree as Holloway's cooling Ointment and purifying Pills. When used simultaneously they drive all inflammation and depravities from the system, subdue and remove all enlargement of the joints, and leave the sinews and muscles lax and uncontracted. A cure may always be effected, even under the worst circumstances, if the use of these medicines be persevered in.

Eruptions, Scald Head, Ringworm & other Skin Diseases.
After fomentation with warm water, utmost relief and speediest cure can be readily obtained in all complaints affecting the skin and joints, by the simultaneous use of the Ointment and Pills. But it must be remembered that nearly all skin diseases indicate the depravity of the blood and derangement of the liver and stomach, consequently, in many cases, time is required to purify the blood, which will be effected by a judicious use of the Pills. The general health will be readily improved, although the eruption may be driven out more freely than before, and which should not be promoted; perseverance is necessary.

Sore Throats, Diptheria, Quinsey, Mumps & all other Derangements of the Throat.
On the appearance of any of these maladies the Ointment should be well rubbed at least three times a day upon the neck and upper part of the chest, so as to penetrate to the glands, as salt is forced into meat: this course will at once remove inflammation and ulceration. The worst cases will yield to this treatment by following the printed directions.

Scrofula or King's Evil and Swelling of the Glands.
This class of cases may be cured by Holloway's purifying Pills and Ointment, as their double action of purifying the blood and strengthening the system renders them more suitable than any other remedy for all complaints of a scrofulous nature. As the blood is impure the liver, stomach and bowels, being much deranged, require purifying medicine to bring about a cure.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:—

Bad Legs.	Chapped Hands,	Scalds.
Bad Breasts.	Contracted and Stiff Joints.	Sore Nipples.
Burns.	Elephantiasis.	Sore-throats.
Bunions.	Fistulas.	Skin-diseases.
Bite of Mosquitoes and Sand-Flies.	Gout.	Scurvy.
Coco-bay.	Glandular Swellings.	Sore-heads.
Chiego-foot.	Lumbago.	Tumors
Corns (soft).	Piles.	Ulcers.
Cancers,	Rheumatism.	Wounds
Chilblains,		Yaws

Sold at the establishment of PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London; and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilised world, at the following prices:—1s., 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., 22s., and 33s. each Pot.

*** There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot. au15

PLOWS! PLOWS!!
For Sale By
CUNNINGHAM BROTHERS,
Columbia Street, New Westminster,
AT AND UNDER VICTORIA PRICES,
Large Prairie Plows,
for breaking up. Also,
Cast Steel and Iron Plows,
fe28 suited to the soils of British Columbia. tc

Messrs. DICKINSON BROS.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
BUTCHERS
—AND—
CATTLE DEALERS!

FAMILIES, HOTELS AND SHIPPING SUPPLIED with all kinds of MEAT and VEGETABLES on short notice, at
NEW WESTMINSTER AND VICTORIA.

NEW WESTMINSTER, - - ROBERT DICKINSON.
VICTORIA, - - - { EDWARD DICKINSON. FRANCIS DICKINSON.
ja7tc

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